

Qualcomm

Empowering
next-generation
user experiences
and services at scale
with 6G

@QCOMResearch
September 3rd, 2025

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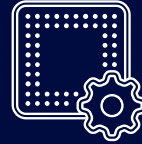
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ENABLING
intelligent computing everywhere

Best-in-class technology across industries



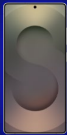
Unrivaled connectivity



High-performance, low-power computing



Leading edge AI



Mobile



Copilot+ PC



Spatial computing



AI wearables



Automotive



Edge networking



Industrial IoT



Edge computing and AI

AI-enhanced user interface is changing consumer behaviors



2025

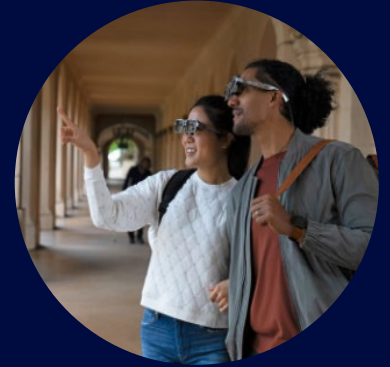
App-based and user-initiated content consumption



*"Show my schedule
and tell me about my
next patient."*



*"Tell me the history
of this building."*



*"Order a ride for two people
to go to the mall and remind
me what to buy!"*

2030 AND BEYOND

Natural user interface with voice, glass, watch using AI Agents

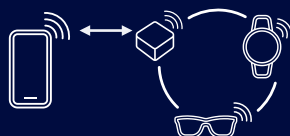
Changing consumer behaviors



Rise of AI agents

From app-based, user-initiated content consumption...

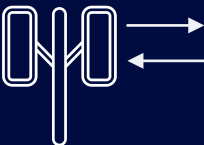
To persistent context-aware AI agents that observe, sense, and infer



Extension to new form factors

From smartphone only...

To an ecosystem of AI-enabled devices (watches, glasses, earbuds) working together for more natural interactions



Evolving usage patterns

From downlink-heavy traffic...

To sustained traffic growth, especially uplink, driven by AI agents continuously monitoring and sensing across IoT, robotics, AR glasses, ...

Today
With smartphones...



2030+
Natural interactions via watch, glass, voice using AI Agents



"Order a ride for two people to go to the mall and remind me what to buy!"

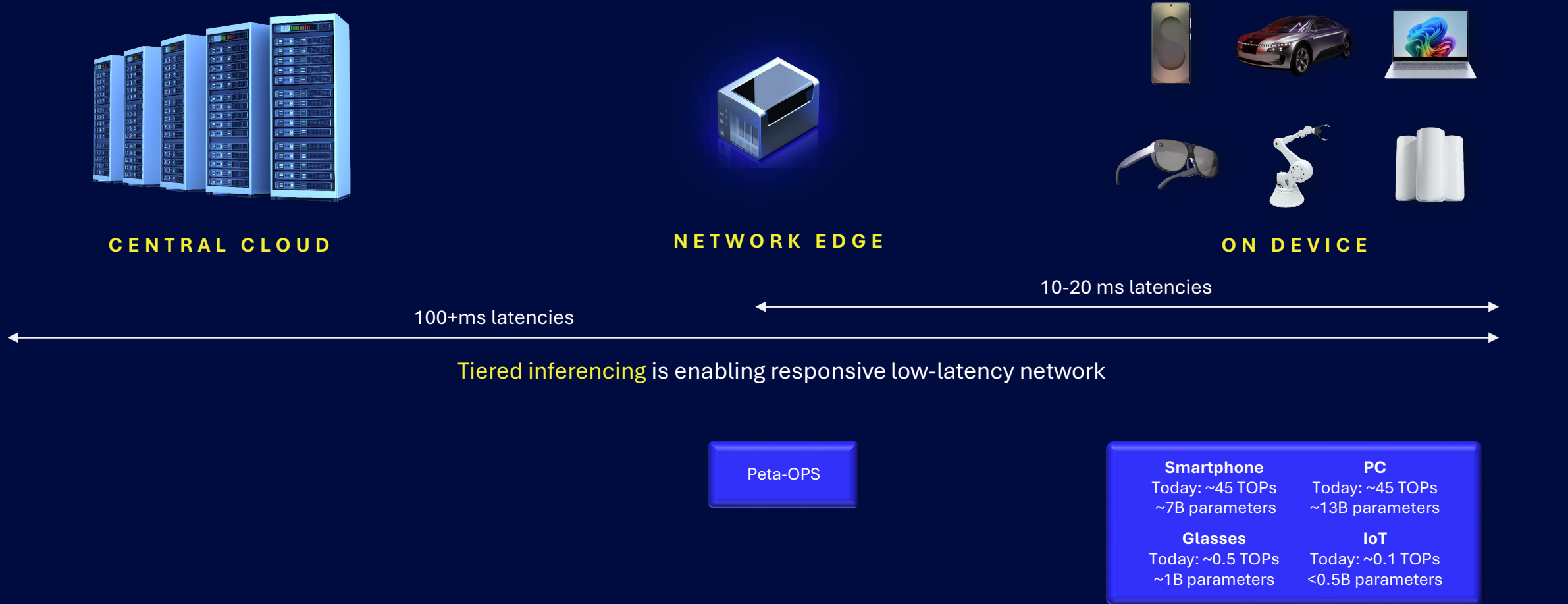


"Show my schedule and tell me about my next patient."



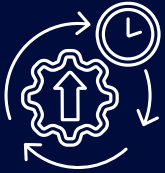
"Tell me the history of this building."

AI agents are driving the need for network connectivity



On-device AI is enabling context-aware intelligence

Opportunities for AI and wireless to reduce OPEX and enable new services



Real-time network efficiency optimization

TODAY

Early operator efforts to use AI-based predictive maintenance and troubleshooting

FUTURE OPPORTUNITY

Digital Twins enabling full-automation

Enable intent-based orchestration that adapt to user and application needs



Personalized and tiered service pricing

TODAY

Early monetization efforts are emerging (e.g., FWA)

FUTURE OPPORTUNITY

Offer premium experiences, e.g., XR

Enable context-aware pricing, e.g., special events, user intent, ...



New devices and services

TODAY

Network API exposure is in early stages for vertical services (e.g., Linux Foundation's CAMARA project)

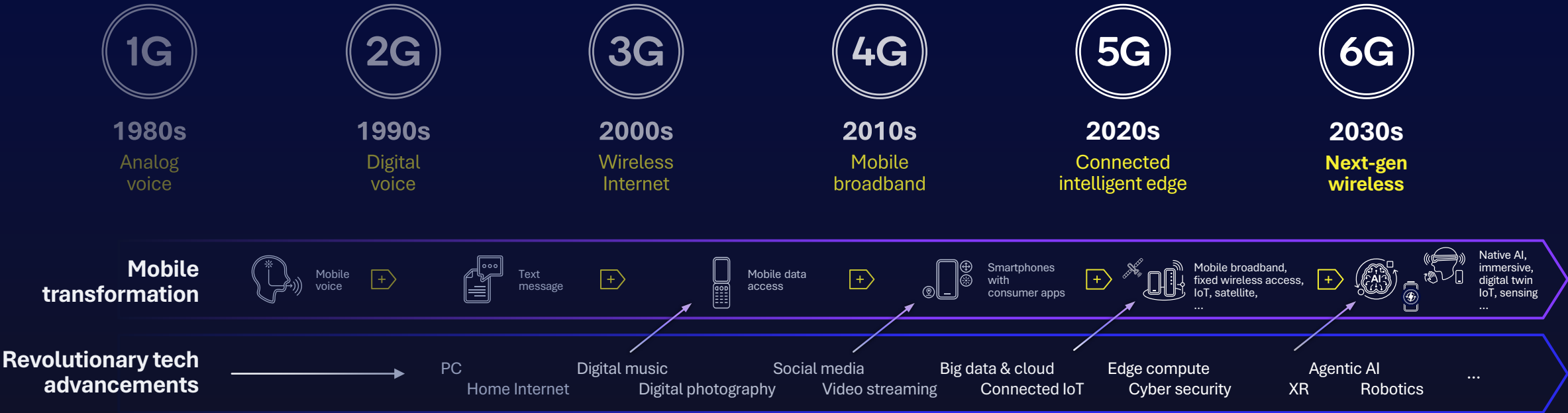
FUTURE OPPORTUNITY

Inference and sensing as a service

New device subscriptions (e.g., glasses, drones, cars, robots, and others)

Mobile technology profoundly reshapes our world

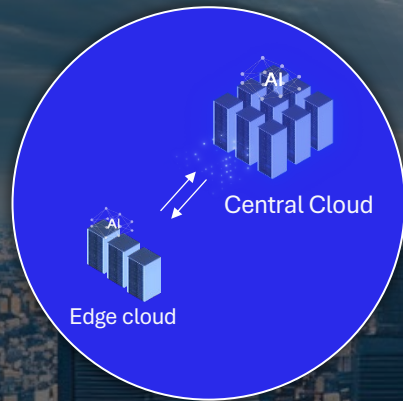
Decade-defining leaps: enabling aligned investments and leveraging significant technology advancements



Global ecosystem aligned to launch 6G in 2030



6G will connect an expanded set of AI-powered devices and enable new services



Enabling tiered AI inferencing
on device, at network edge, and cloud



The smartphone remains the primary mobile hub for connectivity and compute



AI-powered consumer devices (glasses, watches, PCs) with cellular connectivity



AI-powered IoT devices, robots, and cars with cellular connectivity

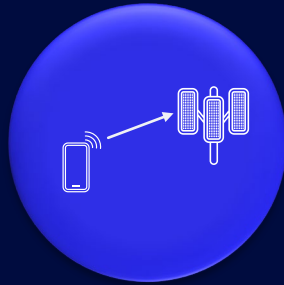
We are driving 6G foundational technology development

AI is unlocking new opportunities to bring performance improvements



Improving spectral efficiency in existing 5G FDD / TDD spectrum bands with baseband-only upgrade

TARGET:
~1.5x downlink & uplink capacity gains in FDD/TDD spectrum bands



Focusing on improving uplink coverage and capacity even at the cell edge

TARGET:
2-5x uplink edge data rate



Unlocking broadband in upper mid-band spectrum (e.g., 6-8 GHz)

TARGET:
~5x traffic load and ~3x downlink speed gains thru retrofitting existing cell sites with wideband 6G systems using 100-400 MHz channel sizes



Optimizing 6G network deployment cost and device performance

TARGET:
~1/3 decoding complexity and ~50% less HARQ memory

WIDE RANGE OF 6G ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES



Enhanced waveform / modulation



Enhanced channel coding



AI-native system



Digital twin network



Energy saving



System resiliency



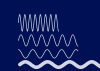
Migration & interworking



RAN/spectrum sharing



Satellite network



Enhanced lower-band



Subband full duplex



Giga-MIMO



Enhanced mmWave



Dynamic compute



Immersive comm.



Ambient IoT

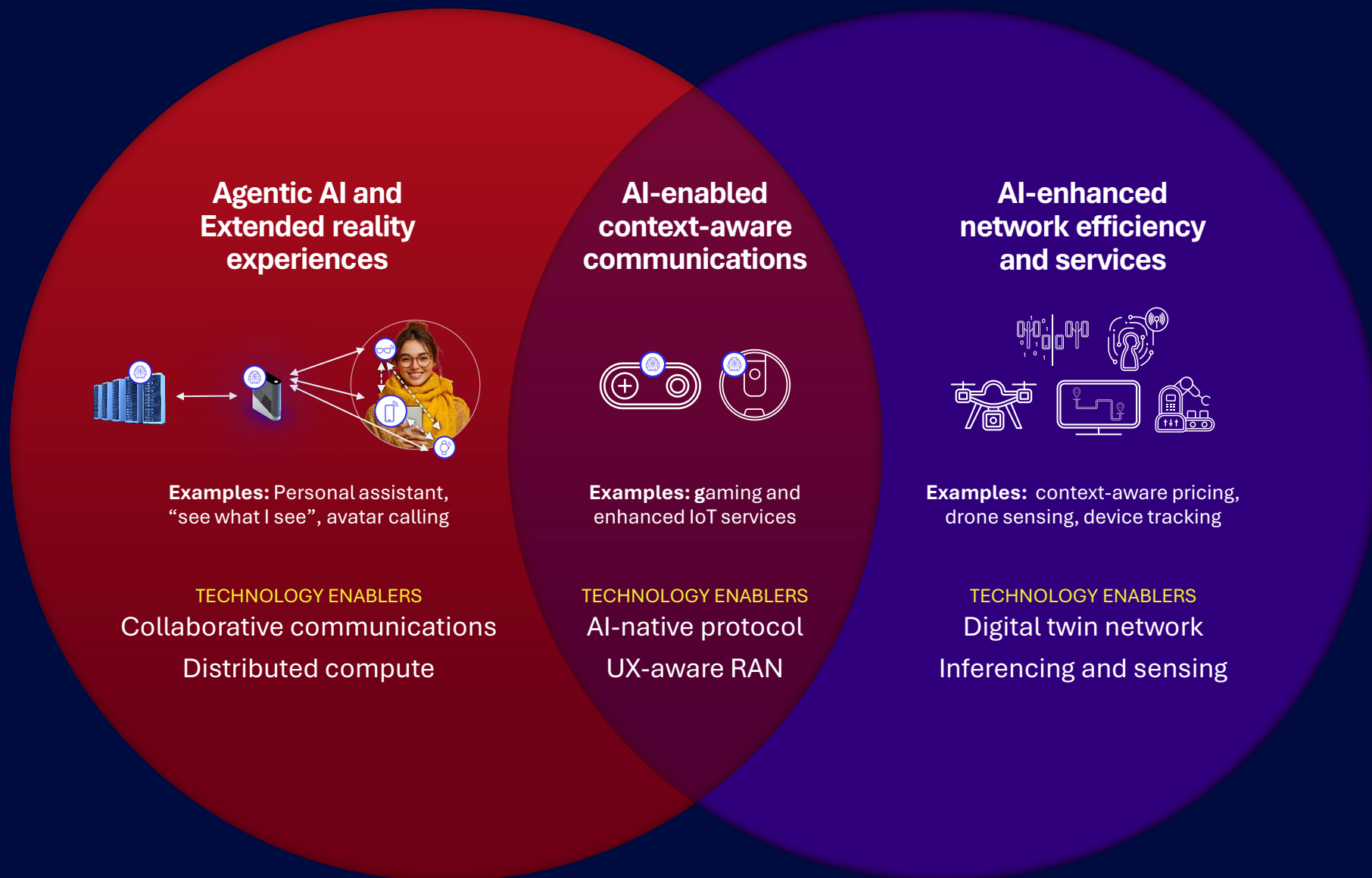


Integrated sensing



Optimized FWA

We are driving 6G technology to enable new user experiences and services at scale



The background of the slide is a dark, futuristic environment. It is filled with complex, glowing blue light trails that resemble data streams or neural network connections. These trails are set against a backdrop of dark, wireframe-like structures that look like digital buildings or scaffolding. The overall color palette is dominated by deep blues and blacks, with bright blue highlights from the light trails. In the lower center, two women are standing, looking at handheld devices, which suggests a collaborative or interactive experience. The floor is reflective, mirroring the blue light from above.

6G INNOVATION

Agentic AI and extended reality experiences

Collaborative communications
Distributed compute

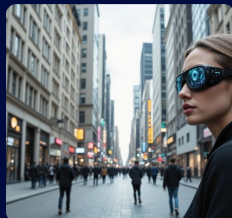
Agentic AI and extended reality experiences will fuel wireless growth

PERSONAL AI ASSISTANT



DESCRIPTION	Real-time responses to user queries
TRAFFIC REQUIREMENT	UL: 1-5 Mbps (image, video, audio) DL: 1-5 Mbps (AR overlays, voice) Latency: 100 ms

SEE WHAT I SEE



Live video streaming of the user's surrounding
UL: 1-20 Mbps (video, audio) DL: 1-5 Mbps (AR feeds, overlays) Latency: 100+ ms

Data volume per application far exceeds the current average mobile user volume of 19 GB/month²

USER DATA VOLUME ESTIMATES

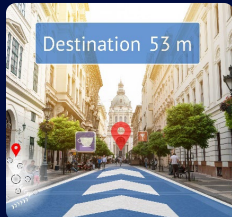
See what I see	Personal Assistant
50GB/month 10Mbps UL, 1Mbps DL, 20mins per day 90% uplink	44 GB/month 2.5Mbps UL and DL 40mins per day 50% uplink

AVATAR CALLING





DESCRIPTION	Realistic and lively interactions
TRAFFIC REQUIREMENT	UL: 1-10 Mbps (compressed avatar formats) DL: 1-100 Mbps (multi-party calls) Latency: 10 -30 ms

PERSONALIZED EXPERIENCES



Digital Companions, Interactive gaming
UL: 1-10 Mbps (video, audio, sensors) DL: 5-100 Mbps (2D/3D video) Latency: 10-30 ms

Significant spectrum required to scale XR services

		
Channel Bandwidth	100MHz	~500MHz
Cell Capacity 45 Mbps DL 10 Mbps UL	~ 5 users/ cell ¹	>25 users/cell needed

Source: Qualcomm estimates:
1. Based on 3GPP TR 38.838 “Study on XR Enhancements for NR” for Dense Urban deployment, 80% indoor users projecting ~2-6 users/cell @45Mbps and 10ms latencies DL; ~4-9 users/cell @10Mbps and 30ms latencies UL
2. Ericsson Mobility Report, June 2025

Delivering agentic AI and extended reality at scale with distributed compute and collaborative communications

Distributed compute

across devices and network for multimedia and multi-modal AI to meet power, thermal, latency and user experience requirements



CLOUD
(CENTRAL & RAN EDGE)

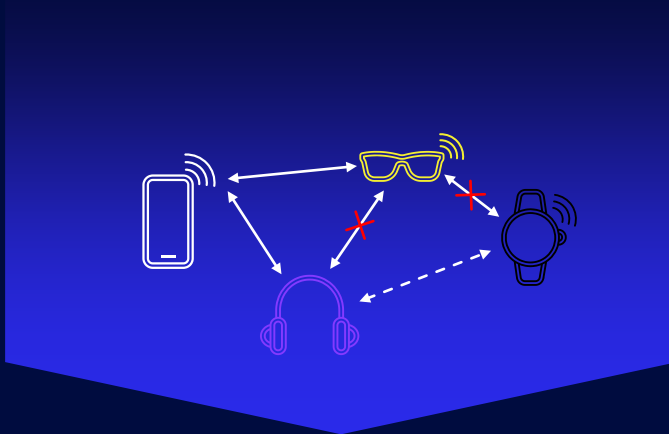
Collaborative communications

optimizes network connectivity for user devices like glasses, watches, and smartphones, ensuring the best possible performance, reliability, and user experience in all conditions



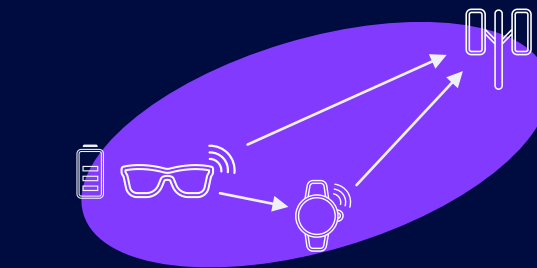
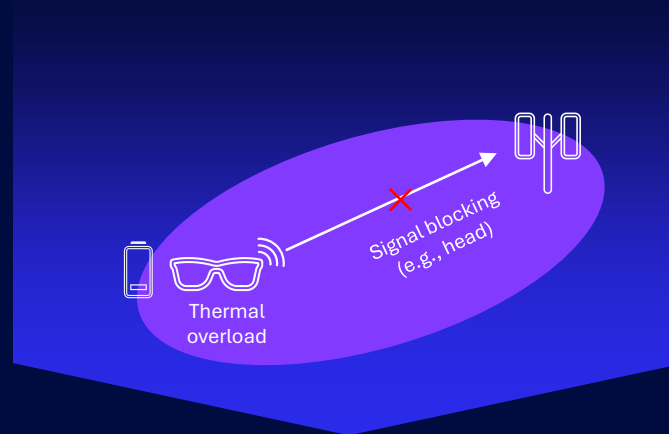
6G Collaborative communications can enhance user experience

Seamless operations



Leveraging standards-based features for seamless operations

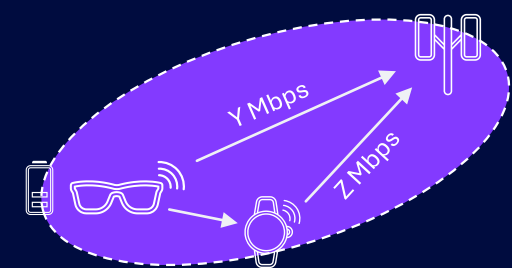
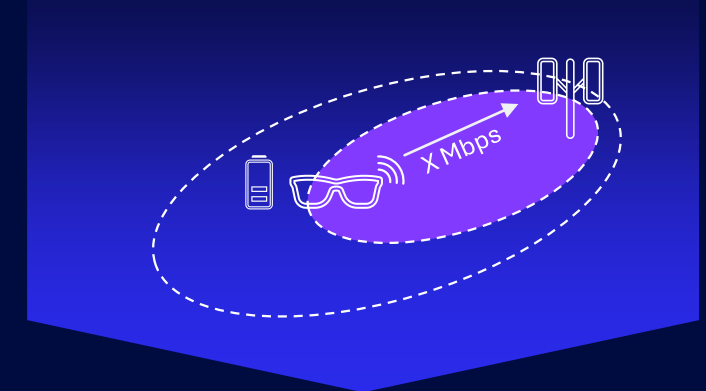
Improved reliability and user satisfaction



Path diversity mitigates blocking;
Traffic splitting meet thermal requirements

Enhanced application coverage

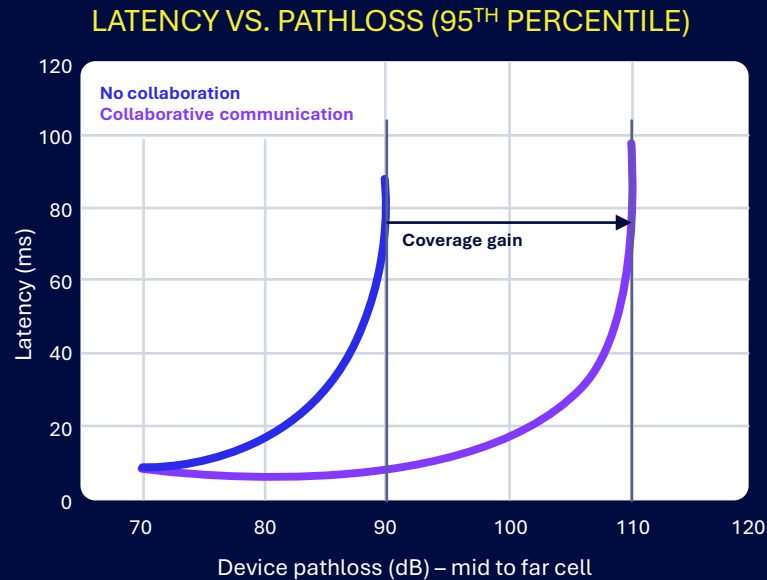
Problem: Limited application coverage



Traffic splitting can extend
application coverage

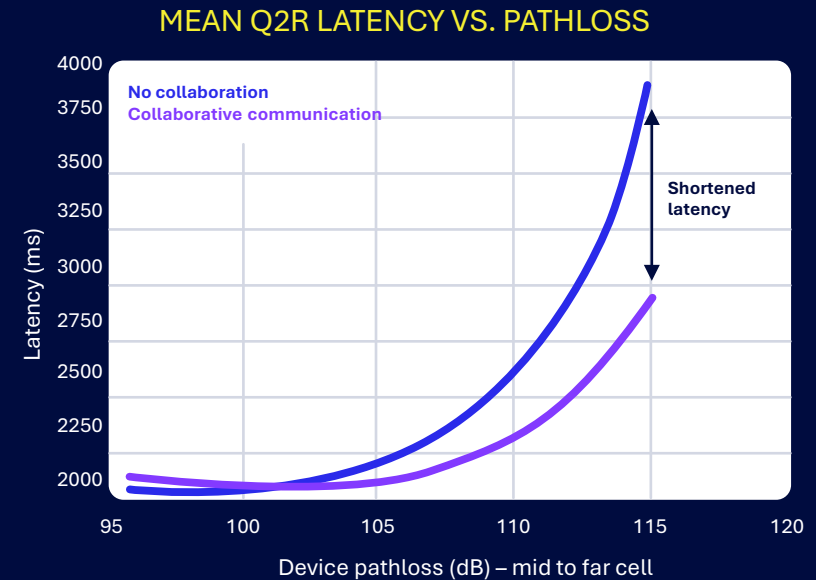
Analysis show tangible user experience improvements

Improved coverage¹ with device body shadowing



Augmented reality multimedia calling with glasses and watch

Improved Query-to-response (Q2R) latency²



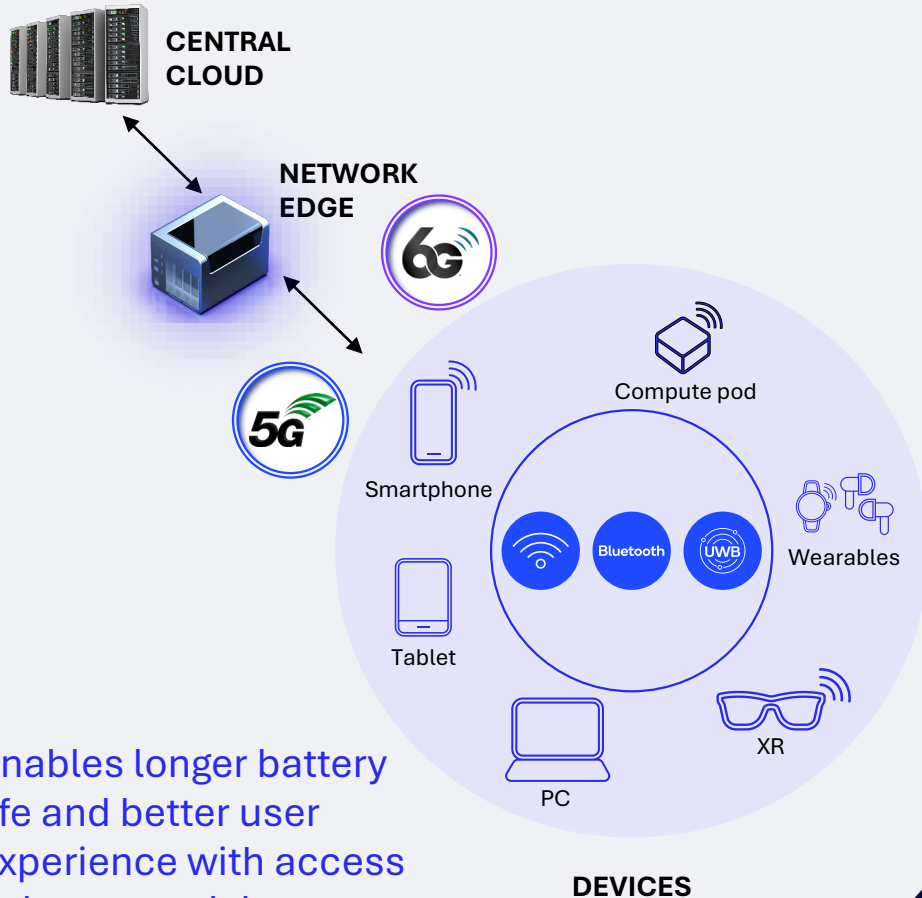
Multi-modal AI query with glasses and watch

¹ 2Mbps periodic traffic, 100ms packet delay bound. Uplink data routed via companion device due to body shadowing. 3GPP UMa with 100% outdoor UEs, 100MHz BW, Devices have 20dBm max Tx Power

² Query is a ~150KB burst of audio

Distribute compute

Workloads are distributed across the network and devices



Enables longer battery life and better user experience with access to larger models

Rendering

Generating visuals



2D/3D Graphics, personalized content

Perception

Environment understanding and user tracking



Scene understanding, object recognition and tracking, 3D reconstruction

Generative AI

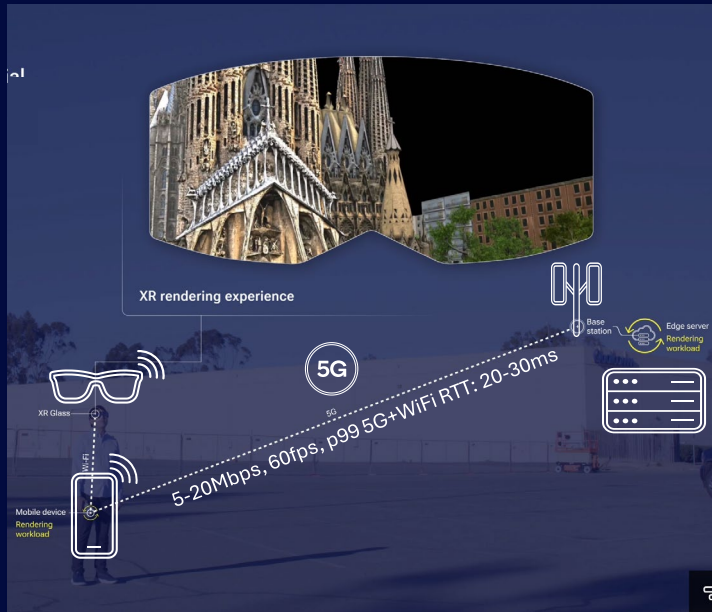
Enhancing user experiences



Digital Companions, video editing, 3D maps, language processing

Distributed compute

Distributed rendering example



In good RF/network scenarios,
compute is offloaded to cloud
(remote rendering)



In poor RF/network scenarios,
compute is done on device
(on-device rendering)

Joint XR trial on 5G Standalone network

T-Mobile | Ericsson | Qualcomm



On-device APIs enabled
applications to seamlessly
distribute rendering workloads

More information on the trial
[Joint Press Release from MWC'25](#)

6G Distributed compute can offer benefits for the wireless ecosystem



Mobile operators

New monetization opportunities with compute and AI as-a-service, with privacy and security



End users

Access to larger models and better device battery life and user experience



Example Network Functions

- Multi-user compute-communications scheduler
- Edge compute discovery and management
- Architecture and data management

Example Device Functions

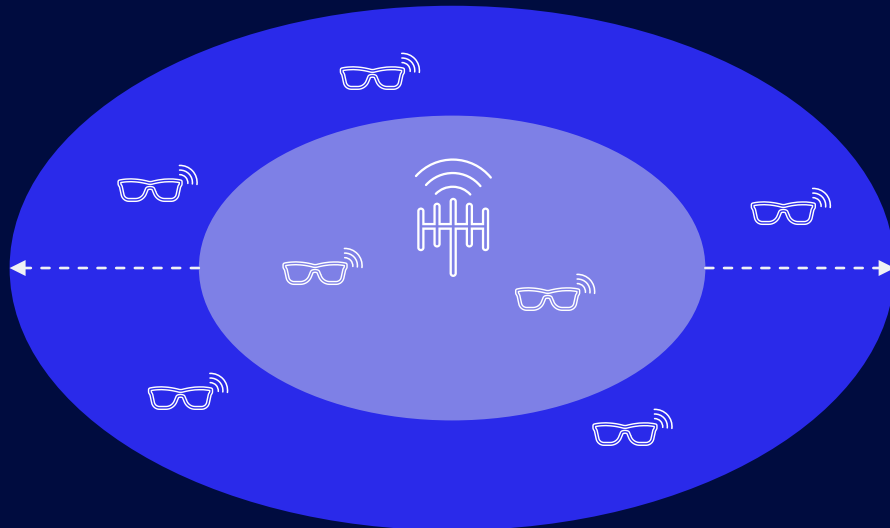
- Application workload and QoS¹ requests
- User experience and KPI² requirements
- On-device compute capabilities

6G can orchestrate communication and compute workload requirements across devices

Analysis show compelling coverage and capacity benefits

Rendering example

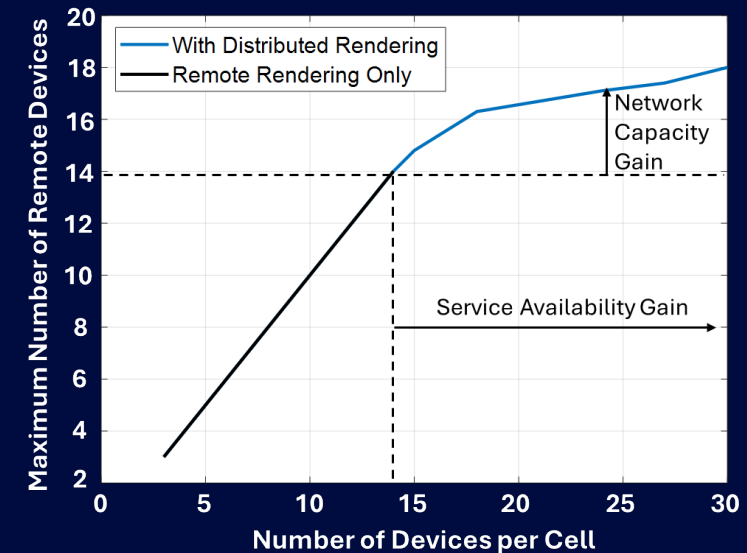
ACHIEVING ~2X APPLICATION COVERAGE¹ GAIN



With remote rendering, application coverage is limited to device with good SNR that meet rendering performance requirements

With distributed rendering, device can improve application coverage by switching between local and remote compute based on radio conditions

ACHIEVING ~30% SYSTEM CAPACITY² GAIN



With remote rendering, cell capacity is limited to devices that meet rendering performance requirements

With distributed rendering, network can support more remote rendering devices by switching devices between local and remote compute based on available resources

¹ Assume 100MHz BW, loaded cell with device under test (DUT) supporting 25Mbps XR traffic with 25ms PDB and background devices with full buffer traffic;

² Assume 100MHz BW, loaded cell with all devices supporting XR 25Mbps traffic with 25ms Packet delay bound; Collaborative application includes 2Mbps traffic to maintain state across users

The background is a vibrant, futuristic digital arena. It features a large central screen displaying a soccer match. The arena is illuminated with bright blue and magenta neon light streaks that create a sense of depth and motion. The floor of the arena has glowing white circular patterns. The overall aesthetic is high-tech and immersive.

6G INNOVATION

AI-enabled context-aware communications

AI-native protocol
UX-aware RAN

6G can leverage on-device AI to infer and share real-time context with the network

APP CONTEXT EXAMPLES



Gaming



AR call



Compute workloads

USER CONTEXT EXAMPLES



User inattentive vs.
on-screen



Poor UX



User wireless
conditions

DEVICE CONTEXT EXAMPLES



Battery levels



Compute
availability



SAR, exposure



Enabling subscriber intent-based RAN optimization

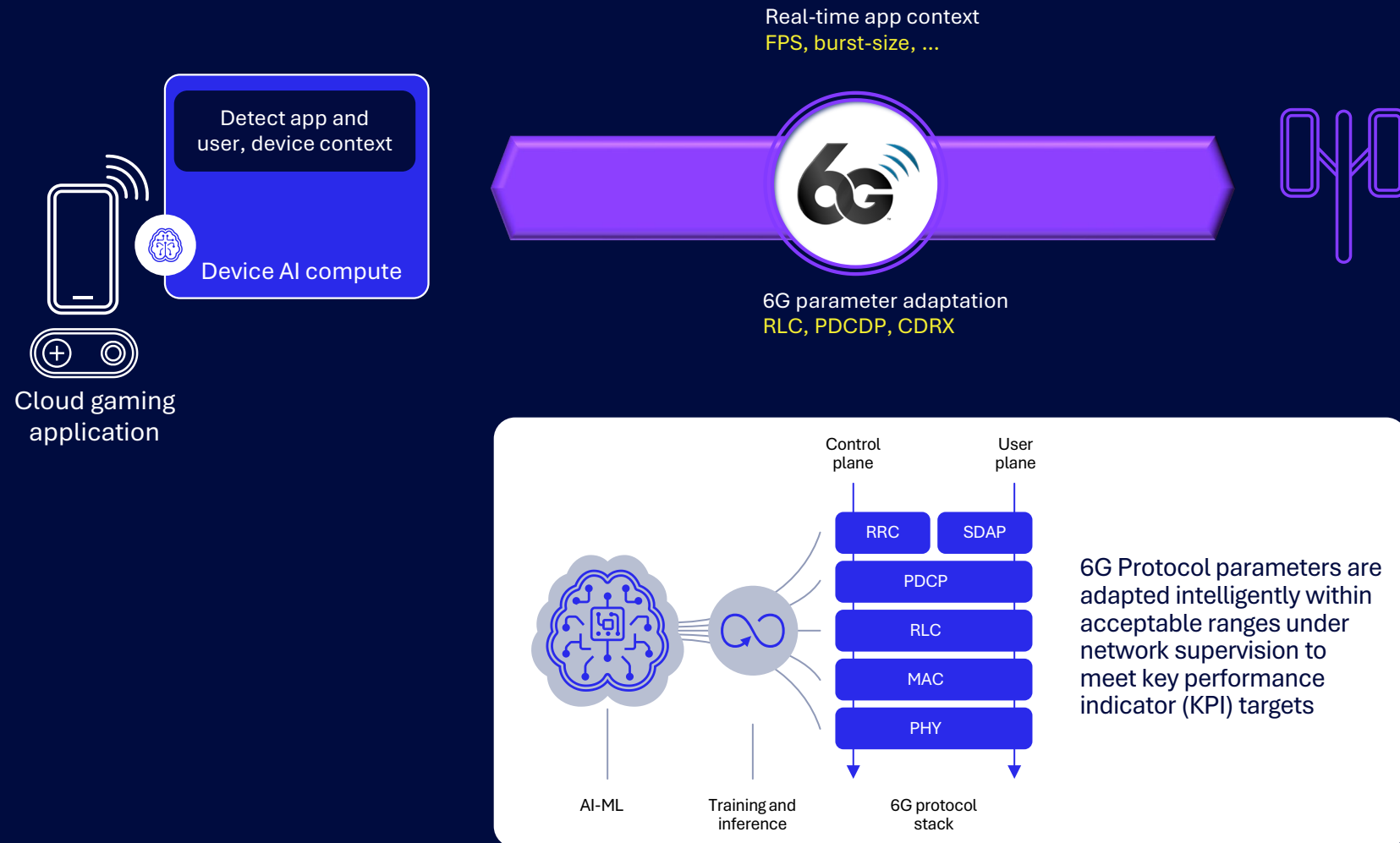


Device can leverage real-time context information in adaptation

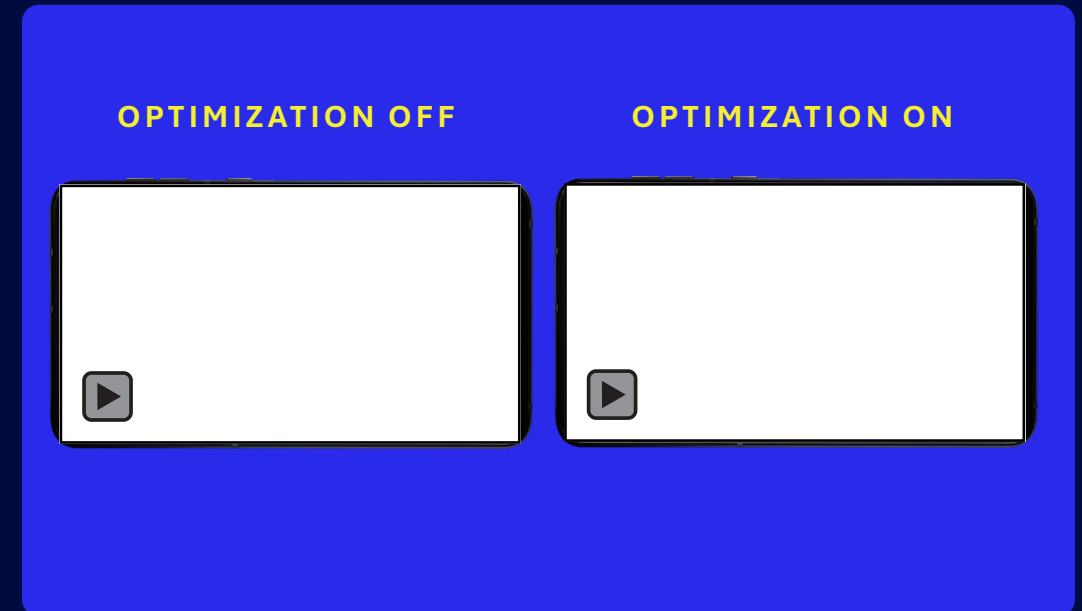
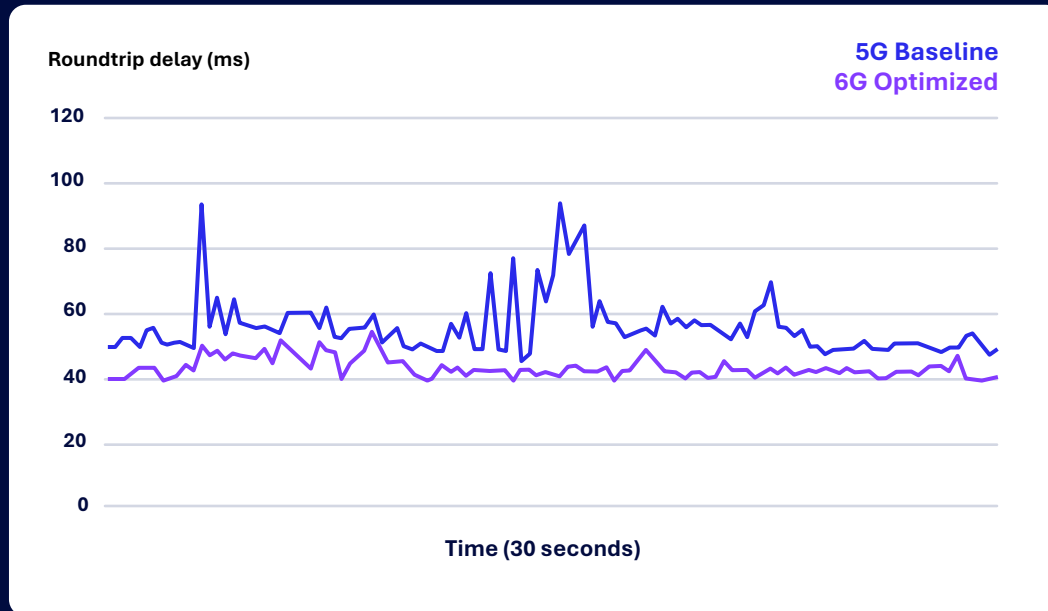


Device and network collaborate to ensure system is responsive to subscriber intent, user experience, device, and wireless conditions

Real-time application context from devices can enable AI-native protocols



Over-the-air performance results show significant user experience improvement



Cloud Gaming Application

Dynamically adapted RLC, PDCP parameters reduced latency spikes and improved user experience



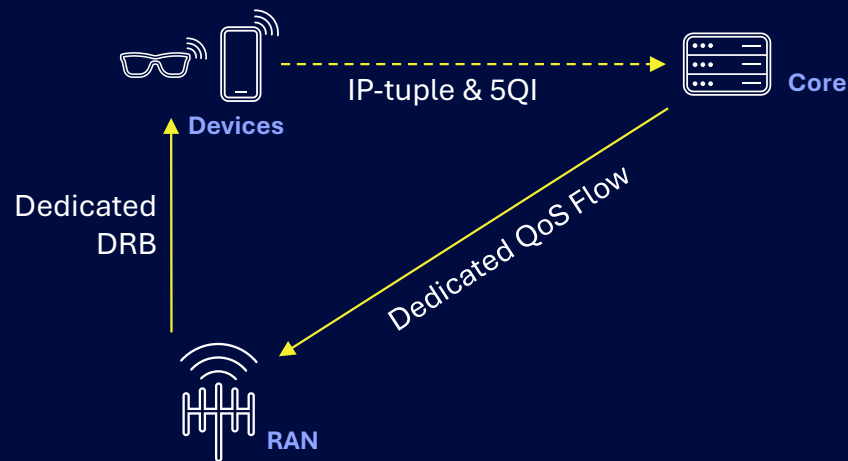
Live OTA System

100 MHz BW, 60 FPS, 30 Mbps DL, STEAM-based cloud application, bursty adjacent cell interference

On-device AI can enable a richer and more dynamic QoS

TODAY

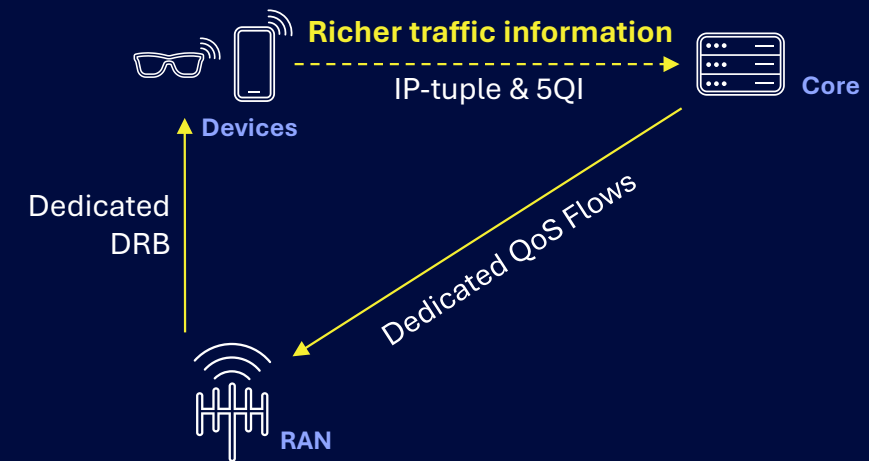
Device-initiated QoS



3GPP standards already support IP-tuple and 5QI input from devices

EVOLUTION

Enabling richer and dynamic QoS



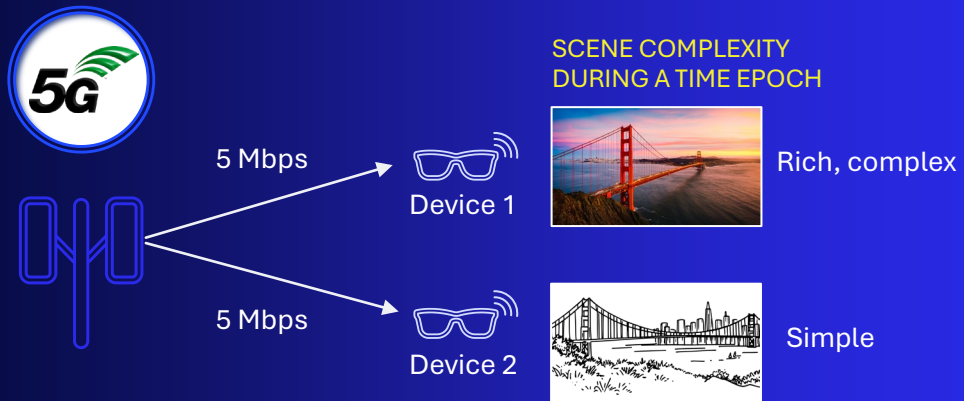
Richer traffic information

- Traffic class (e.g., app class, app name)
- Traffic pattern (e.g., burst duration, burst size)
- Traffic sub-flows within IP tuple (e.g., audio vs. animation)

On-device AI can enable UX-aware RAN

Devices provide real-time UX and content complexity inputs

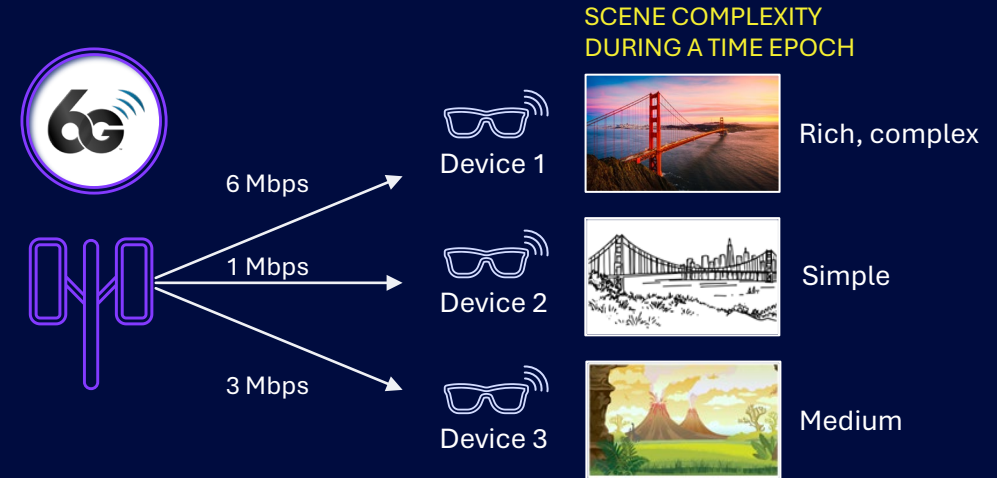
Network can exploit 'multi-user content diversity' to improve resource allocation, coverage and capacity



5G resource allocation does not incorporate real-time UX

For example, a burst of complex content may result in user experience degradation

Inefficient resource allocation wastes capacity



6G resource allocation can incorporate real-time UX

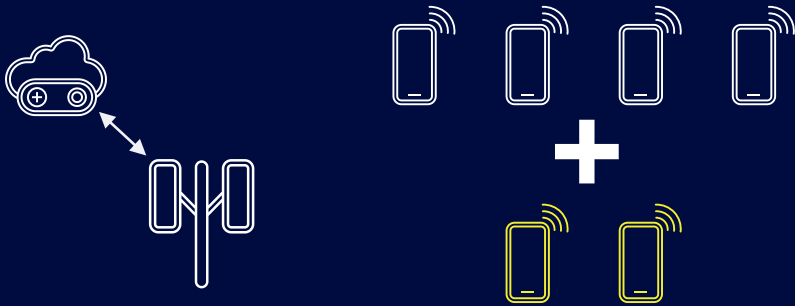
For example, a burst of complex content can get more resources to satisfy user experience

Efficient use of resources leads to capacity and coverage benefit

Analysis show real-time UX-aware RAN benefits

Comparing UX-aware RAN traffic scheduling with a baseline with proportional fair scheduler

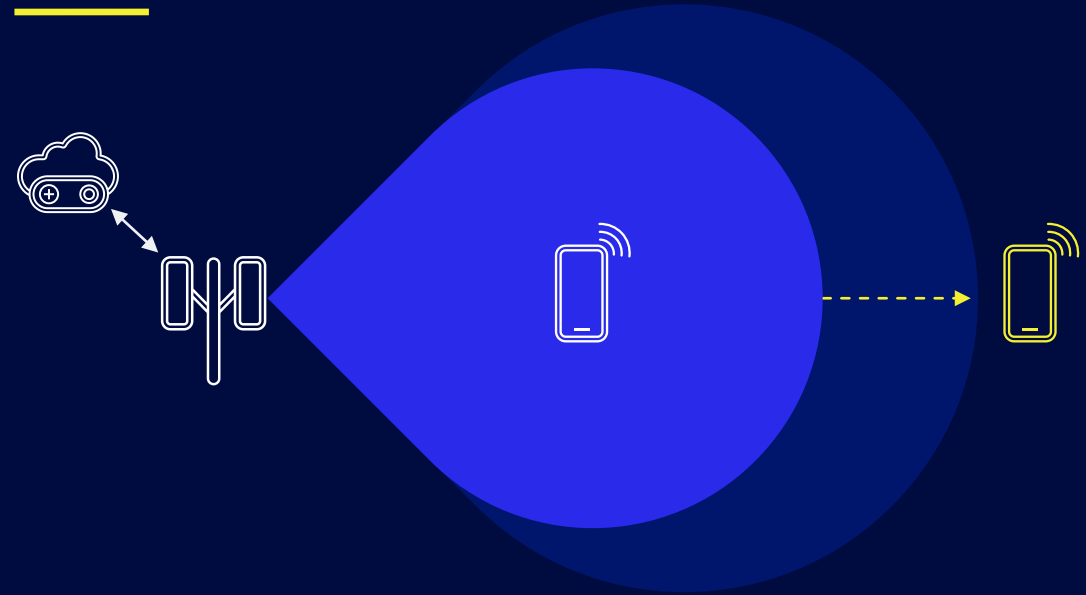
Improve network capacity¹ by 50%



Simulating urban macro network operating in midband with 100MHz bandwidth, utilizing cloud gaming traffic profile with <50Mbps throughput with 60fps framerate

Resulting in capacity improvement from 4 to 6 devices per cell

Improve application coverage by 30% and reduce 99th-percentile latency by 25%



Resulting in 30% more users with satisfactory user experience as well as 99th-percentile latency reduction of 25%

¹ Capacity = number of devices per cell at which 90% of devices meet their target UX (35 dB PSNR)

The background is a high-angle, long-exposure photograph of a city at night. The city lights are blurred into streaks, particularly on the highways and in the dense urban areas. Overlaid on this image is a complex network of glowing blue lines and nodes. These nodes are represented by small squares and circles, some of which are surrounded by digital data patterns like binary code. The lines connect these nodes across the city, suggesting a global or city-wide network. The overall color palette is dominated by deep blues and bright yellows/oranges from the city lights.

6G INNOVATION

AI-enhanced network efficiency and services

Digital twin network
Inferencing and sensing services

6G can enable a real-time digital twin platform

Enable live network modelling and enabling new services

SMART CITY

Incorporate device RF and sensing data

Enable environment and perimeter
safety and presence detection

AUTONOMOUS TRANSPORTATION

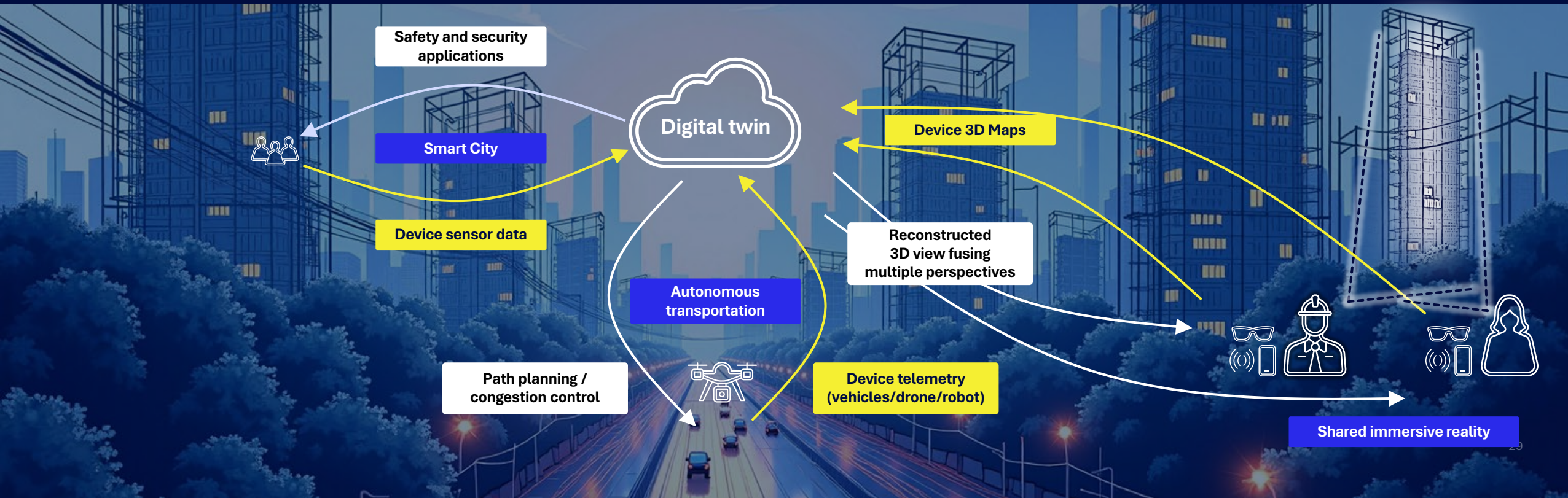
Incorporate vehicle/drone/robot telemetry

Enabling path planning,
congestion control and alerts

IMMERSIVE REALITY

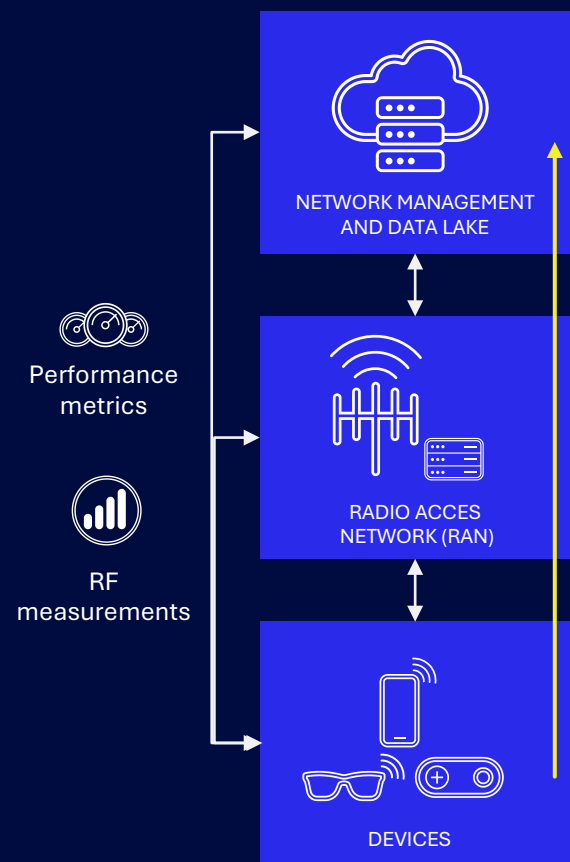
Incorporate 3D maps from devices

Reconstruction of 3D environment
by fusing views across XR users

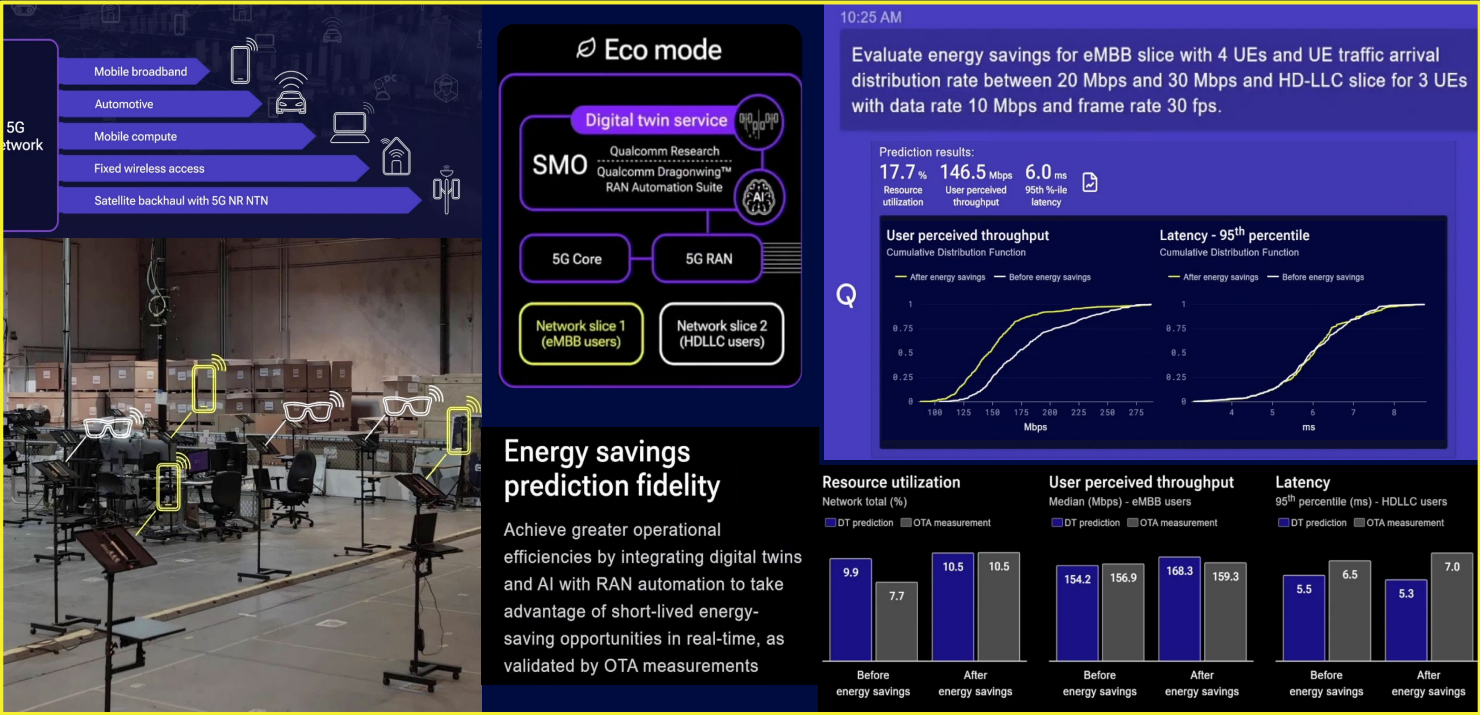


Example of 6G enabled digital twin-based network automation

Reducing Operating expenses
Enabling new monetization avenues such as context-aware experiences and user-service assurances



6G device feedback can help calibrate and improve accuracy of network digital twin



Example: Automating network energy savings using digital twins. Shutting off carriers on gNodeB based on real-time usage.



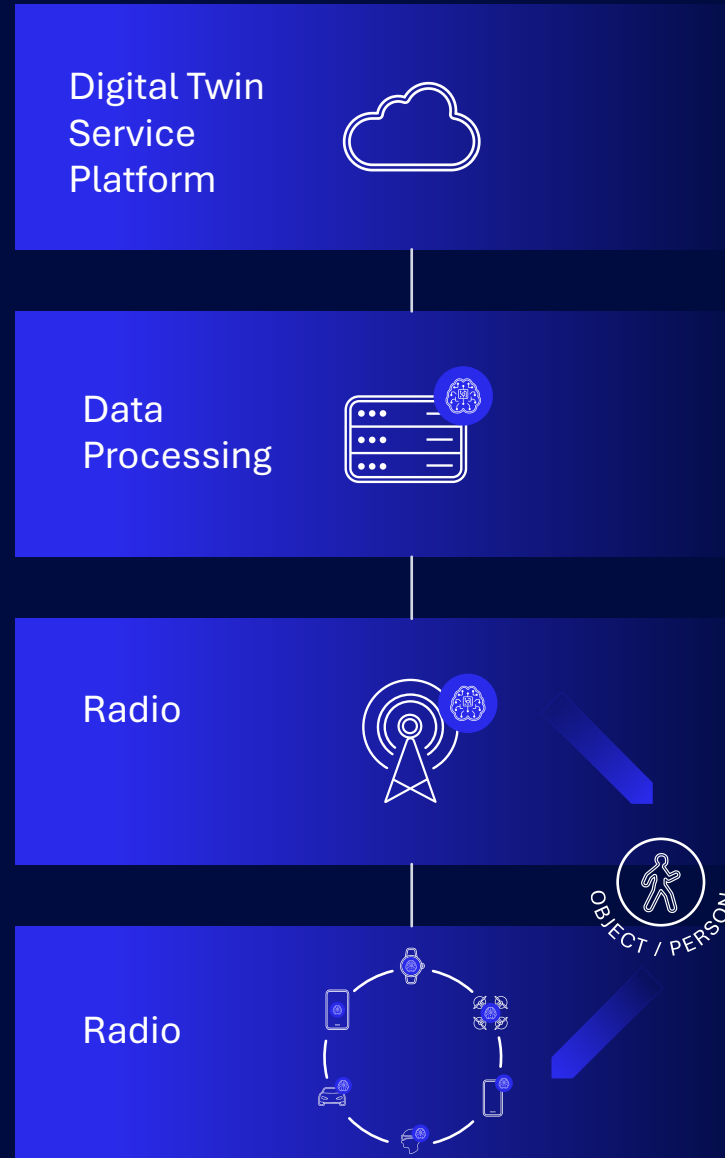
Integrated 6G wireless sensing services

Leverage existing network deployments

Utilize 6G larger bandwidth and MIMO
arrays to gain insights into real-time
environment

Incorporate 6G device feedback

Include other sensor inputs (e.g., vision)



Digital Twin Enabling diverse uses



Drone detection and tracking



Obstacle monitoring on roads/railways



Automated guided vehicles (AGVs) detection & tracking



Intruder Monitoring

Qualcomm

MWCB 2025



Qualcomm

We are conducting wireless drone sensing field tests in our 5G Advanced testbed in San Diego, CA



Improved public safety



Enhanced airspace management



Privacy protection and security

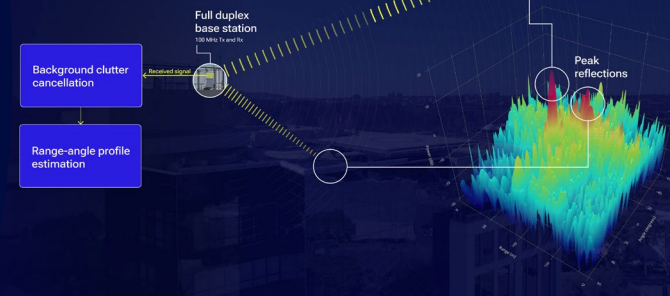
Enabling security and public safety applications via drone sensing

5G advanced Live over-the-air validation

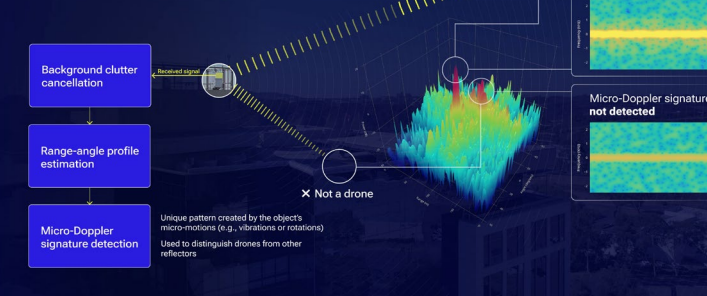
- 3.5 GHz 5G Advanced testbed
- Detect hovering drones within 300 meters range of the base station
- Accurately estimate drone speed by analyzing Doppler signatures

6G larger bandwidth and MIMO arrays will further improve sensing robustness

Drone detection in hover mode



Drone detection in hover mode



82.2 cm x 60.9 cm

Field testing results: Drone detection - hovering

Test conducted across 11 drone locations within 300 m of the base station site



100%

Drone detection

3.0 m

Mean distance error

1.3°

Mean angle error

Network inference and compute services

Enabling workload offloading across device types, with privacy and security

Enabling devices to access and run larger and personalized AI models

Reduce device power consumption



6G can orchestrate communication requirements and compute workloads across devices

Rendering
Generating visuals

Perception
Scene and user understanding

Generative AI
User experiences



Empowering next-generation user experiences and services at scale with 6G



Advancements in wireless, edge AI, XR and low-power compute are enabling new digital experiences and interactions



6G is being designed to meet next-generation user experience and service demands in the era of advanced intelligence



We are driving cutting-edge technology innovations to enable new and enhanced user experiences and services

Thank you

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